Professorial Appointment

At the end of the appointment learners should be able to

- 1. apply the knowledge to critically analyse the patient as a whole
- 2. formulate a plan to educate fellow students and the patient.

on the conditions listed in the booklet.

UNIVERSITY UNIT APPOINMENT – 8 WEEKS

Reinforce previously acquired knowledge and skills

1. <u>TRAUMA</u> –	1.	Advanced management of soft tissue wounds –	Toileting Drainage Closure Grafting
	2.	Fractures – Open fracture management Splintage	
		External and internal fixation	
	3.	Rehabilitation	
	4	Spinal injury – Reinforce what is learned in orth	opaedic
		Cervical	
		Lumbar	
	1.	Head injury -reinforce what is learned in Neurosurgery	
		assessment	
		monitoring	
		imaging	
		intervention	
		outcome	
		prevention	
	2.	Chest Injury –	
		Ribcage injuries & Lung injuries	
		Diagnosis management	
		Rarer chest injuries	
	3.	Abdominal Injury & pelvic injury	
		Solid organ	
		Hollow viscus	

Retroperitoneal injury

- 4. The multiple trauma patient
- 5. Burns

Gastro Enterology

- 1. Cancers of the GI system Oesophagus, Stomach, Pancreas, Colon, Biliary Tree.
- 2. Peptic ulcer

Reflux & disease

- 3. Gall stone disease & Pancreatic disease
- 4. Inflammatory bowel disease
- 5. Some motility problems
- 6. Anorectal Disease (Non malignant)
- 1. GI Bleeding
- 8. Fistuli
- 9. Stoma's

Urology

- 1. Stones
- 2. infections
- 3. Out flow obstructions
- 4. Malignancies

Vascular Disease

- 1. Athromatous Disease
- 2. Trauma
- 3. Venous Disease
- 4. Lymphatic

Thyroid Disease

- 1. Benign
- 2. Altered function

3. Malignant

Breast Disease

- 1. Benign
- 2. Malignant

Pediatric

The paediatric surgical patient

- 1.Congenital abnormalities
- 2.Emergency
- 3.Non emergency

An Introduction to Transplantation

Non thyroid Endocrine problems

Infection, Shock, IV Therapy

- 1. Soft tissue infections
- 2. The septic patient
- 3. Antibiotics in Surgery
- 4. Treatment of shock
- 5. IV fluid therapy
- 6. IV Alimentation
- 7. Organ failure advanced life support

Comorbid States

- 1. Diabetes
- 2. Immune compromised patients
- 3. And other Co morbid states in Surgical disease

Hypertension

IHD

COAD & CARD

Substance abuse and Surgery

Psychiatric disease and Surgical practice

Regarding Operative Surgery in General

- 1. Asepsis
- 2. Preparation of a patient for an operation
- 3. Consent
- 4. Some knowledge of the choice of anaesthesia
- 5. General complication of surgery

Regarding common operative procedures

- 1. What each means (ie modified radical mortality means removal of the breast and all the nodes below the axillary vein up to the apex of the axilla.)
- 2. Main indications
- 3. Specific problems
- 4. Out comes

Level of Clinical Skills to be developed

- To be able to take a Good history and do a satisfactory examination & be able to identify the clinical problems based upon the information gathered, giving reasons for the choices made.
- 2. To understand that the reliability of history & physical signs may vary in different situations.
- 3. To be able to rationally choose investigations that are most likely to come up with answers or give information useful in management.
- 4. To have an understanding of how natural history influences management
- 5. Be able to prognosticate for common disorders knowing the therapeutic modalities available.

PRACTICAL SKILLS

- 1. Set up and IV cannula and drip
- 2. Toilet and suture a small wound under supervision
- 3. External cardiac massage, Ambu bag use
- 4. Familiarity with acute resuscitation
- 5. Drugs, used in resuscitation their dosages & methods of administration
- 6. Infiltration of local anaesthesia